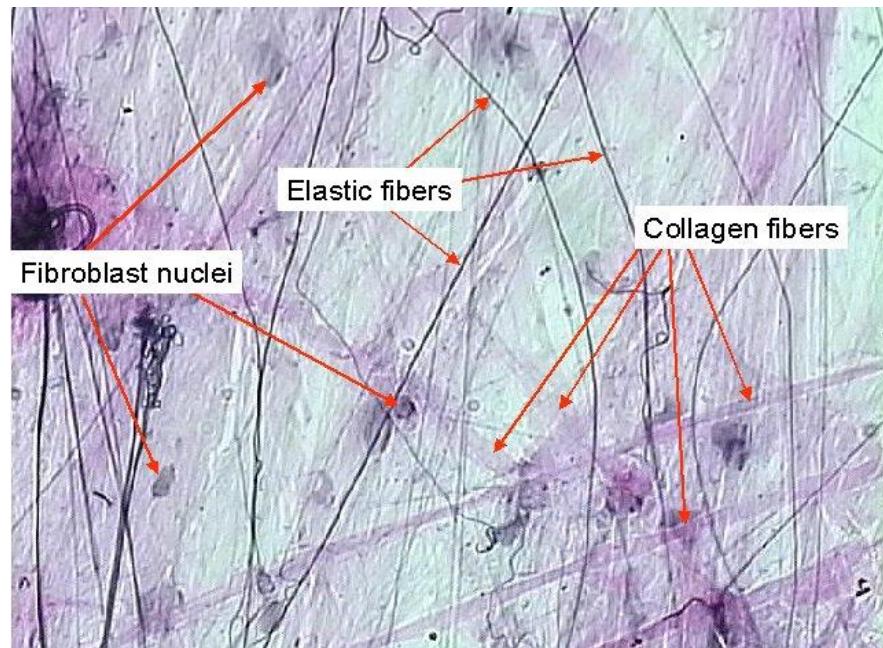
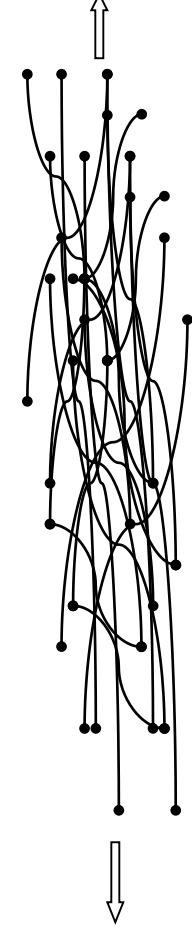
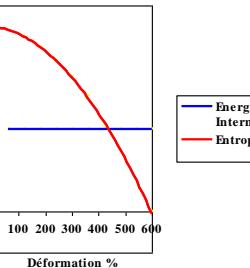
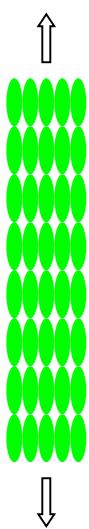
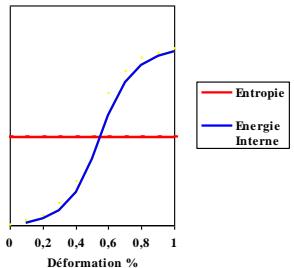
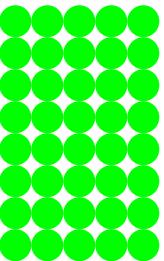


# Soft biological tissues: many challenges for continuum mechanics



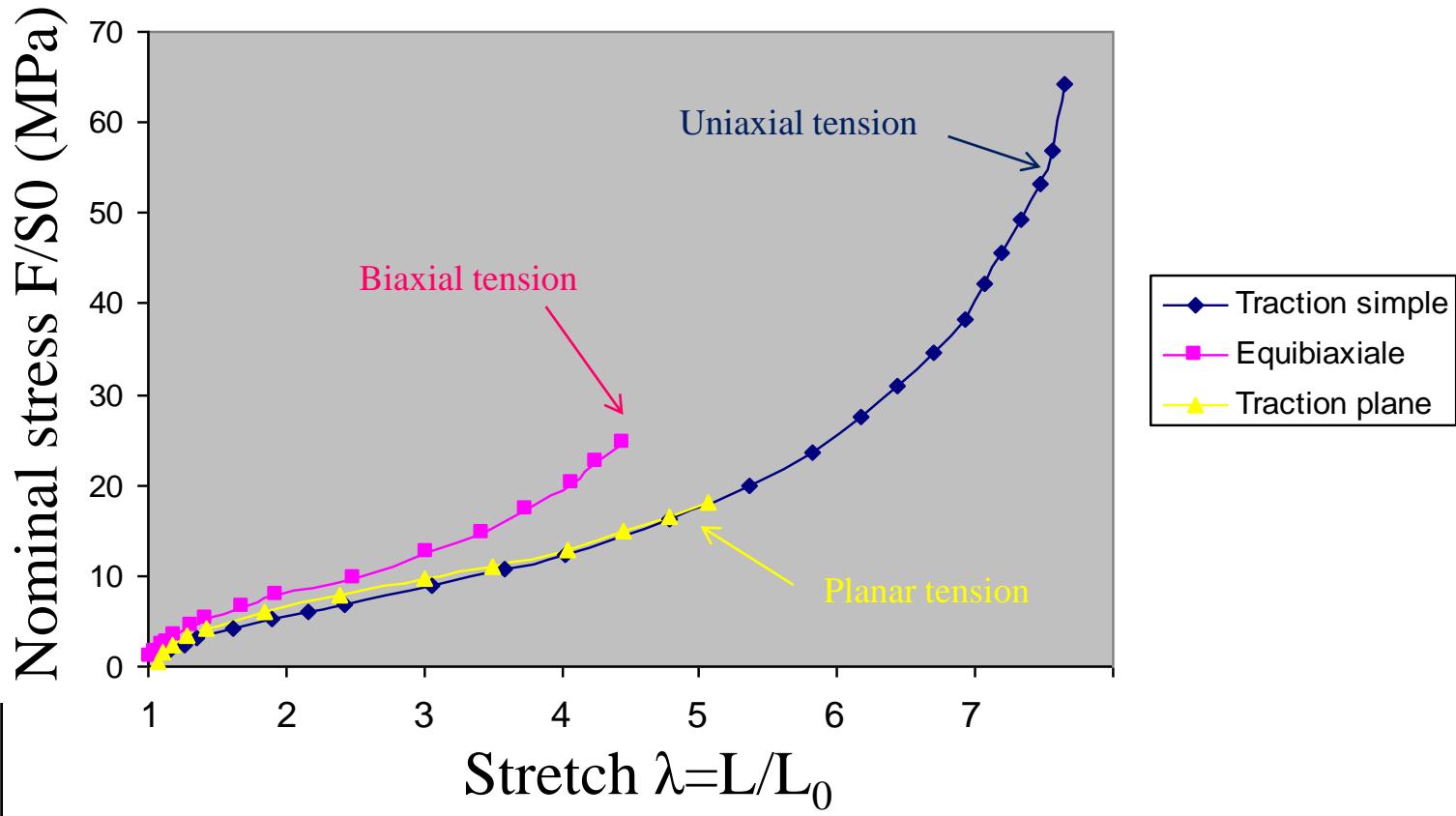


enthalpic  
elasticity  
(cristal)

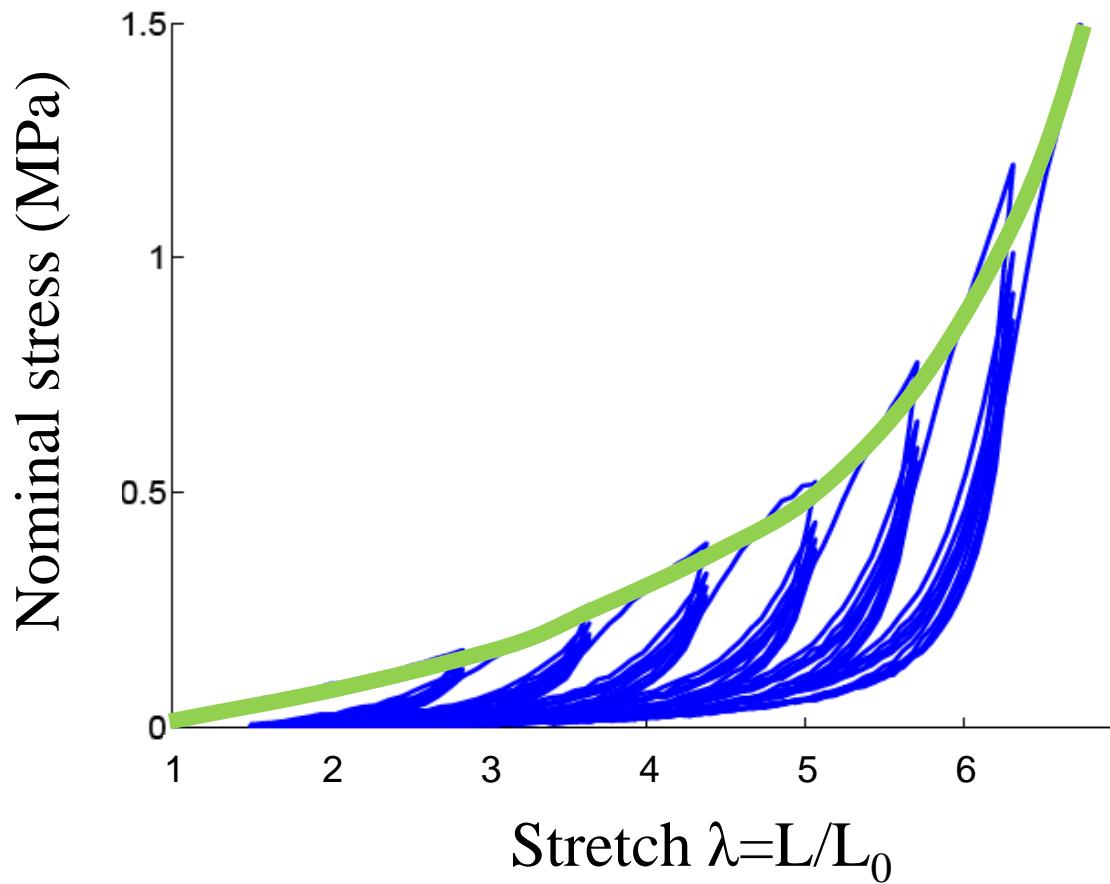
entropic  
elasticity  
(biological tissue)

# Hyperelasticity

Treolar's tests on rubber (1944)

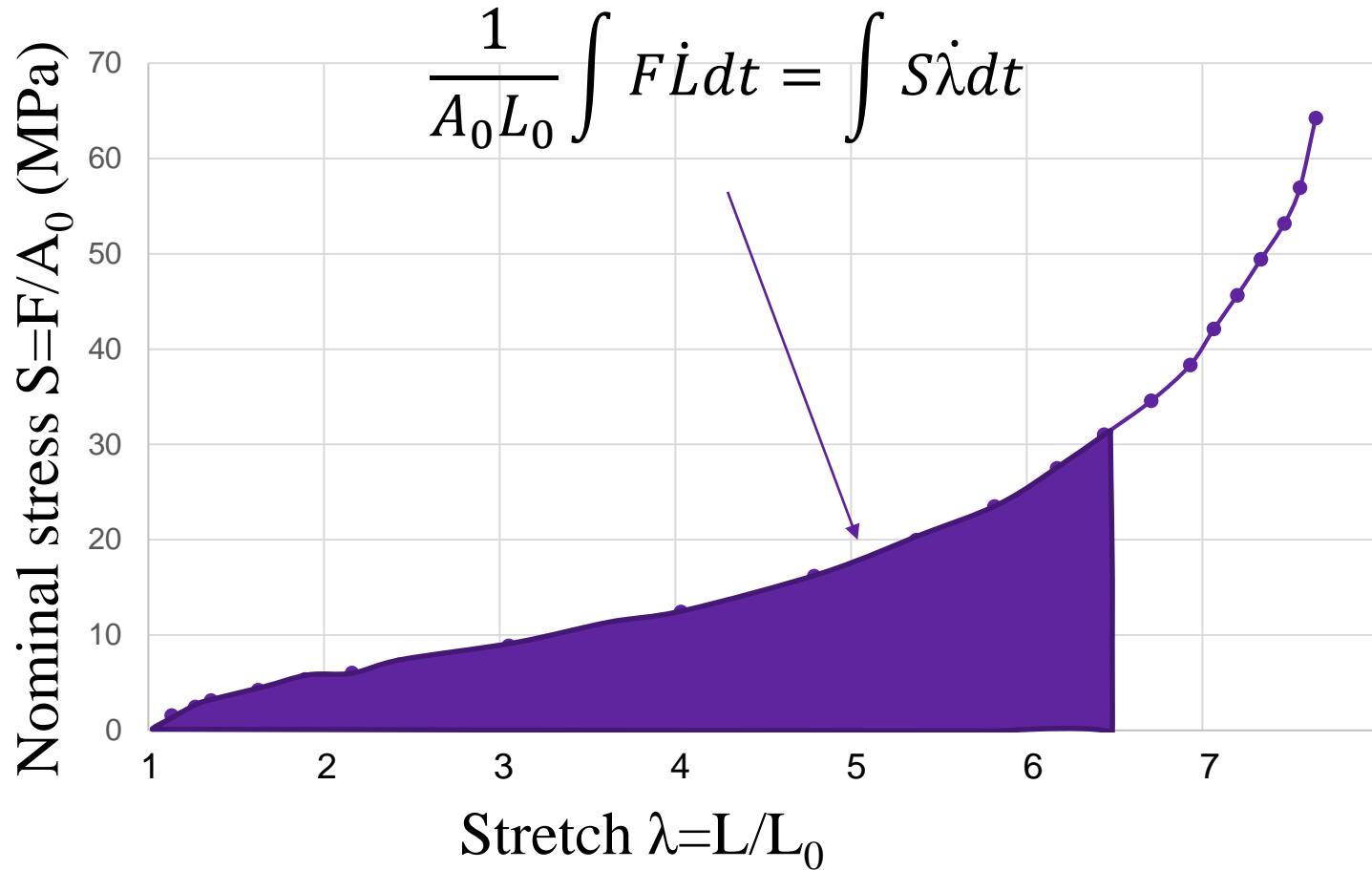


# Pseudo-hyperelasticity: Irreversible effects are neglected...

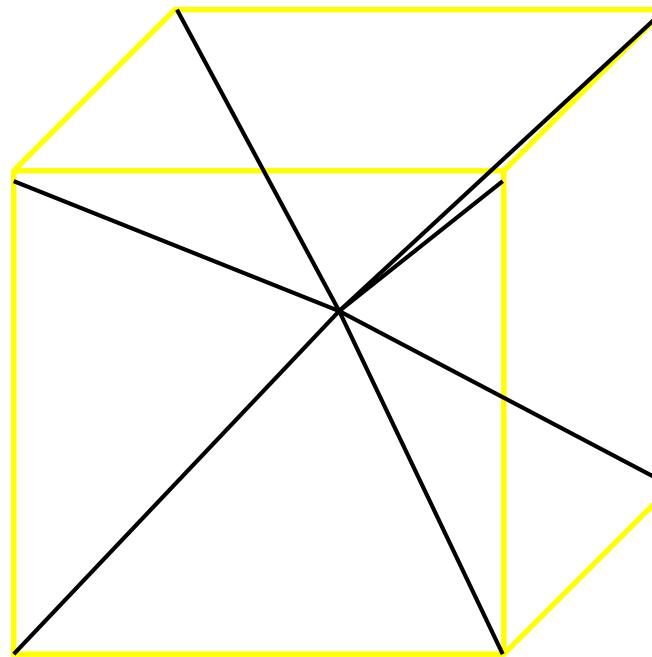


# Strain energy density

Stored energy per unit volume



# first invariant?



# Deformation mapping in 3D

$$y_i = x_i + u_i(x_1, x_2, x_3, t)$$

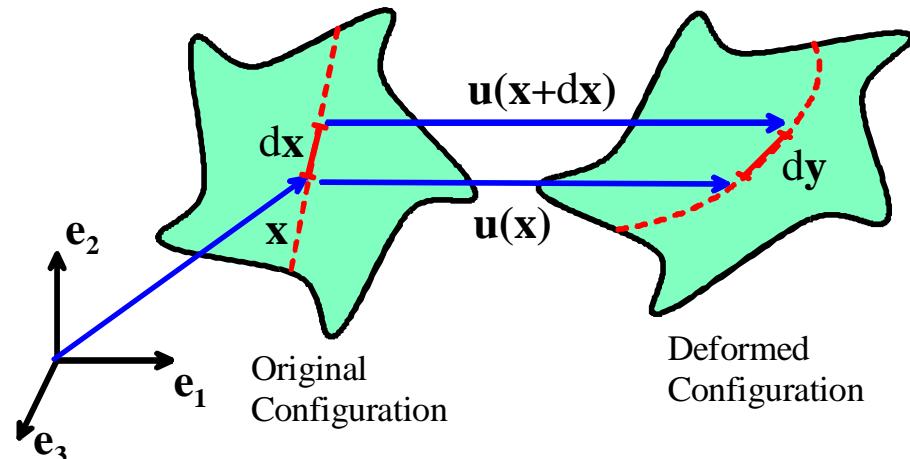
## Deformation Gradient

$$\nabla \mathbf{y} = \nabla(\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x})) = \mathbf{F}$$

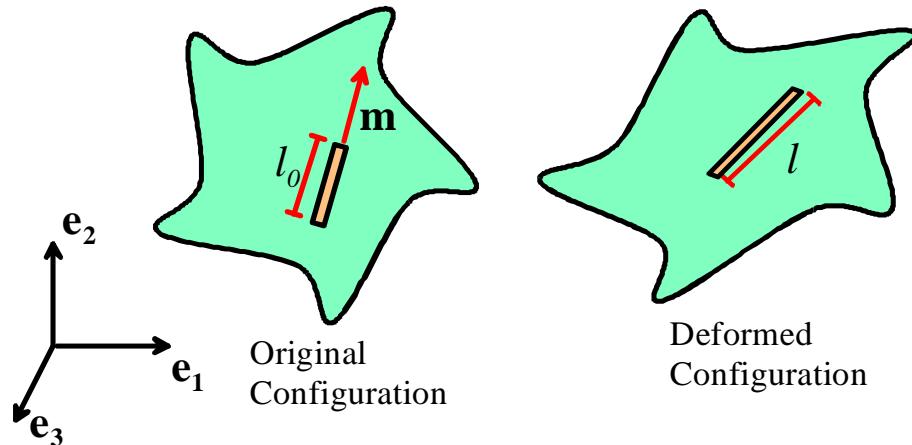
or  $\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial x_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j}(x_i + u_i) = \delta_{ij} + \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} = F_{ij}$

$$d\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{x}$$

$$dy_i = F_{ik} dx_k$$



# Green Lagrange strain



$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}) \quad \text{or} \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}(F_{ki}F_{kj} - \delta_{ij})$$

$$\mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{m} = E_{ij} m_i m_j = \frac{l^2 - l_0^2}{2l_0^2} = \frac{\delta l}{l_0} + \frac{(\delta l)^2}{2l_0^2}$$

# Stress measures

True / Cauchy

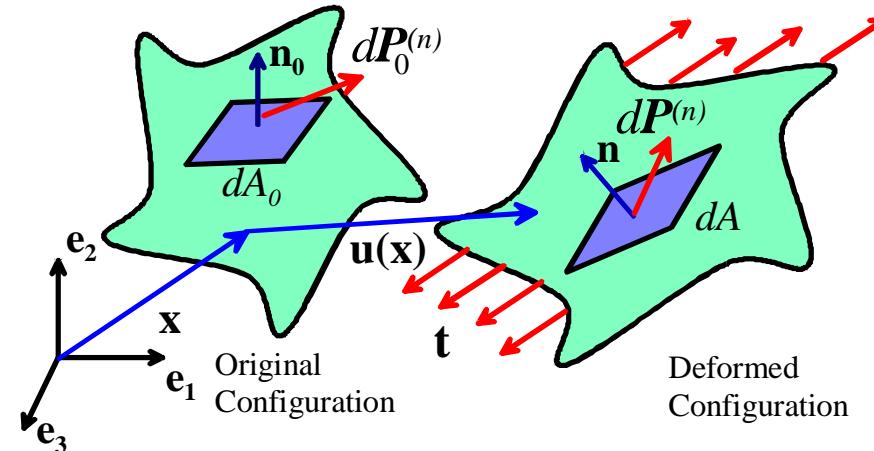
$\sigma$

Nominal/ 1<sup>st</sup> Piola-Kirchhoff

$$\mathbf{S} = J\mathbf{F}^{-1} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} \quad S_{ij} = J F_{ik}^{-1} \sigma_{kj}$$

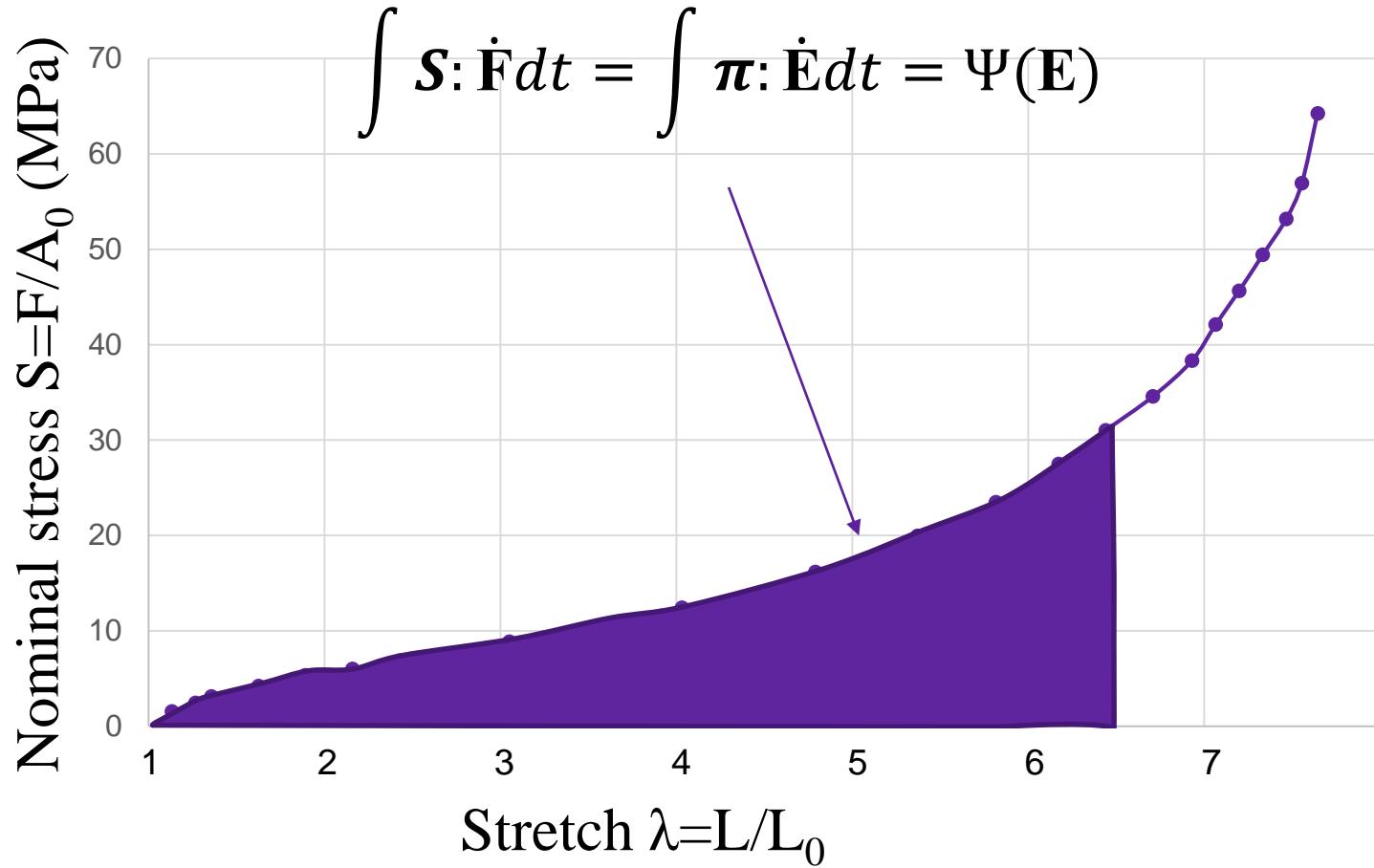
Material/2<sup>nd</sup> Piola-Kirchhoff

$$\boldsymbol{\pi} = J\mathbf{F}^{-1} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{F}^{-T} \quad \pi_{ij} = J F_{ik}^{-1} \sigma_{kl} F_{jl}^{-1}$$



# Hyperelasticity

Stored energy per unit volume





## compressible hyperelastic behaviour

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = J \mathbf{F} \cdot \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial \mathbf{E}} \cdot \mathbf{F}^T$$

incompressible hyperelastic behaviour ( $J=1$ )

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \mathbf{F} \cdot \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial \mathbf{E}} \cdot \mathbf{F}^T + c \mathbf{I}$$

Strain energy density:

$$\Psi = ?$$


$$\Psi(\mathbf{E}) = \Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J)$$

## Polynomials of the first invariant

$$\Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J) = \sum_{i=1}^N C_{i0} (\overline{I}_1 - 3)^i + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{D_i} (J - 1)^{2i}$$

Initial shear modulus

$$\mu_0 = 2C_{10}$$

Initial compressibility modulus

$$k_0 = \frac{2}{D_1}$$


$$\Psi(\mathbf{E}) = \Psi(\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, J)$$

## Polynomials of the first invariant

$$\Psi(\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, J) = \sum_{i=1}^N C_{i0} (\bar{I}_1 - 3)^i + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{D_i} (J - 1)^{2i}$$

Particular case 1: Neo-Hookean behaviour ( $N=1$ )

$$\Psi(\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, J) = C_{10} (\bar{I}_1 - 3) + \frac{1}{D_1} (J_{el} - 1)^2$$


$$\Psi(\mathbf{E}) = \Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J)$$

## Polynomials of the first invariant

$$\Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J) = \sum_{i=1}^N C_{i0} (\overline{I}_1 - 3)^i + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{D_i} (J - 1)^{2i}$$

Particular case 2: Yeoh behaviour ( $N=3$ )

$$\Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J) = \sum_{i=1}^3 C_{i0} (\overline{I}_1 - 3)^i + \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{1}{D_i} (J_{el} - 1)^{2i}$$

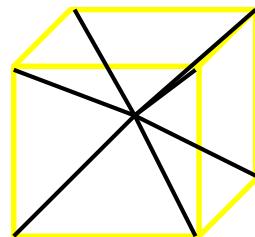


$$\Psi(\mathbf{E}) = \Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J)$$

## Other functions of the first invariant

**ARRUDA-BOYCE**

Model with 8 chains



Statistical mechanics  
Gaussian chains

$$\rho_0 \psi = N k \theta \sqrt{n} \left[ \beta \lambda_{\text{chain}} - \sqrt{n} \ln \left( \frac{\sinh \beta}{\beta} \right) \right]$$

$$\lambda_{\text{chain}} = \sqrt{\frac{I_1}{3}} \quad \text{and} \quad \beta = \ell^{-1} \left( \frac{\lambda_{\text{chain}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$$

$$\Psi(\overline{I}_1, \overline{I}_2, J) = \mu \sum_{i=1}^5 \frac{C_i}{(\lambda_m)^{2i-2}} \left( \overline{I}_1^i - 3^i \right) + \frac{1}{D} \left[ \frac{\left( J_{\text{el}}^2 - 1 \right)}{2} - \ln(J_{\text{el}}) \right]$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{2}; \quad C_2 = \frac{1}{20}; \quad C_3 = \frac{11}{1050}; \quad C_4 = \frac{19}{7050}; \quad C_5 = \frac{519}{673750}$$



$$\Psi(\mathbf{E}) = \Psi(\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, J)$$

## Forms written with the principal stretches

OGDEN

$$\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 \quad \text{Principal stretches} \quad \bar{\lambda}_i = J^{-\frac{1}{3}} \lambda_i$$

$$\Psi(\bar{I}_1, \bar{I}_2, J) = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{2\mu_i}{\alpha_i^2} [\bar{\lambda}_1^{\alpha_i} + \bar{\lambda}_2^{\alpha_i} + \bar{\lambda}_3^{\alpha_i} - 3] + \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{D_i} (J_{el} - 1)^{2i}$$

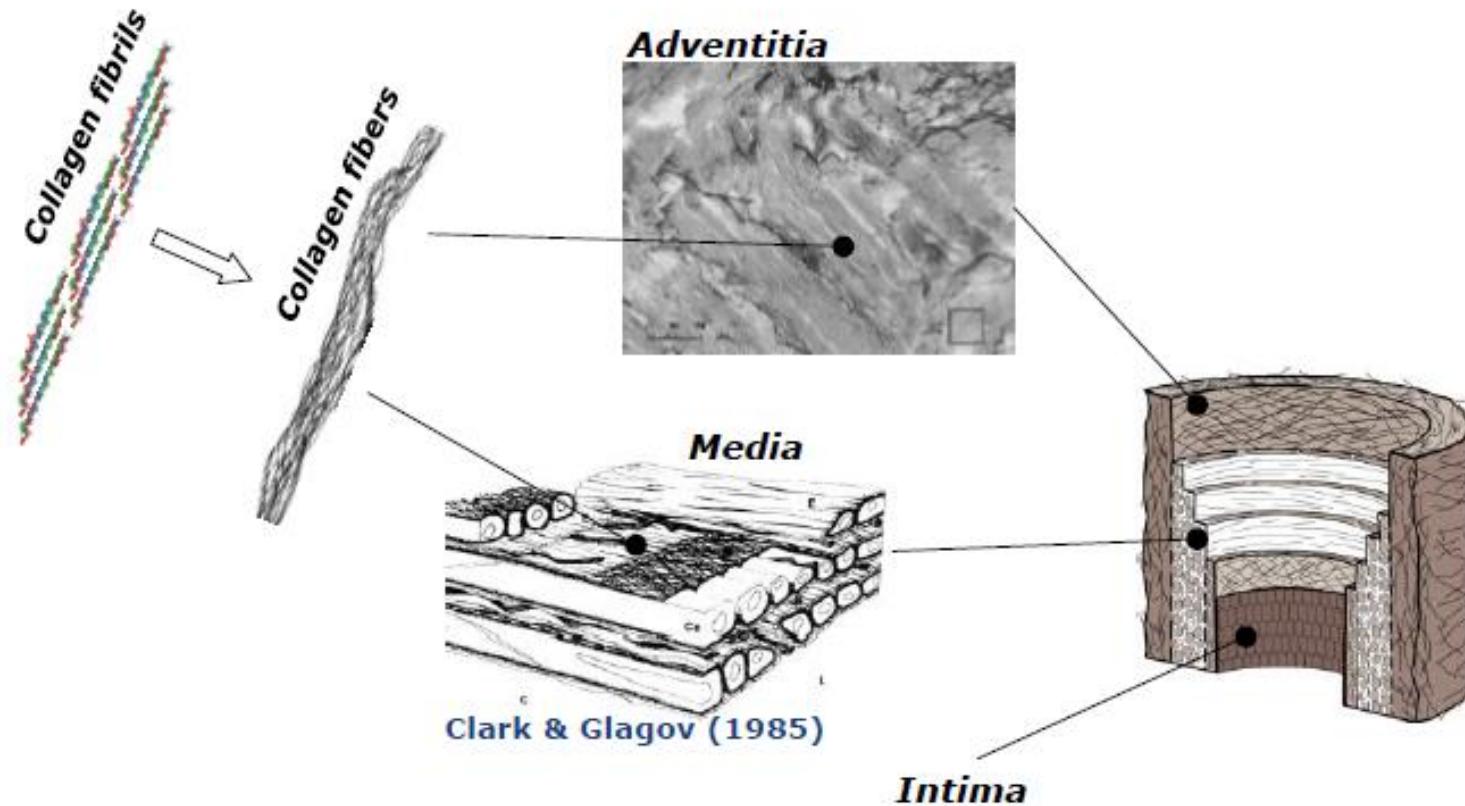
$$k_0 = \frac{2}{D_1} \quad \mu_0 = \sum_{i=1}^N \mu_i$$

$N = 2; \quad \alpha_1 = 2; \quad \alpha_2 = -2; \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Mooney-Rivlin}$

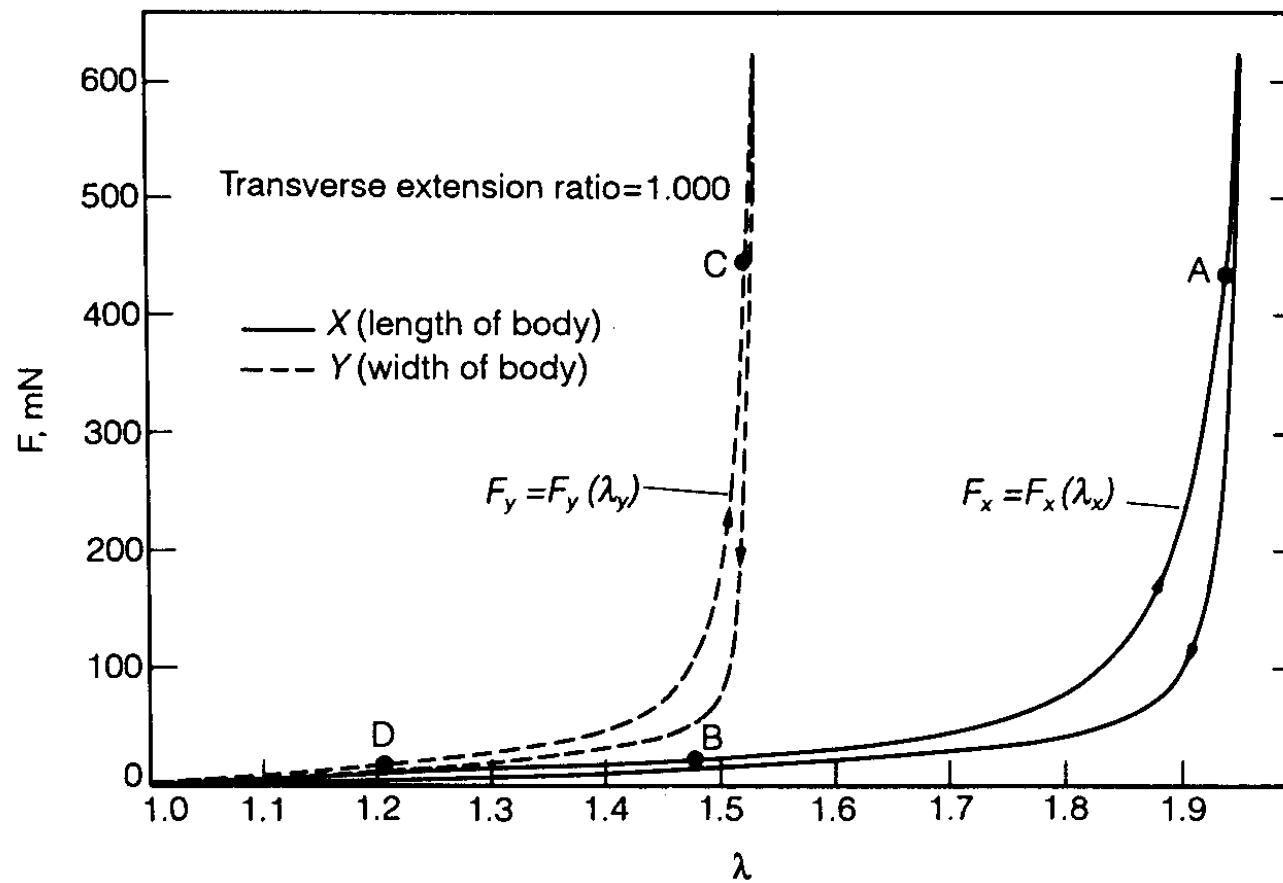
$N = 1; \quad \alpha_1 = 2; \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Neo-Hookean}$

# Anisotropy induced by collagen fibers

## Hierarchical structure of vascular tissue



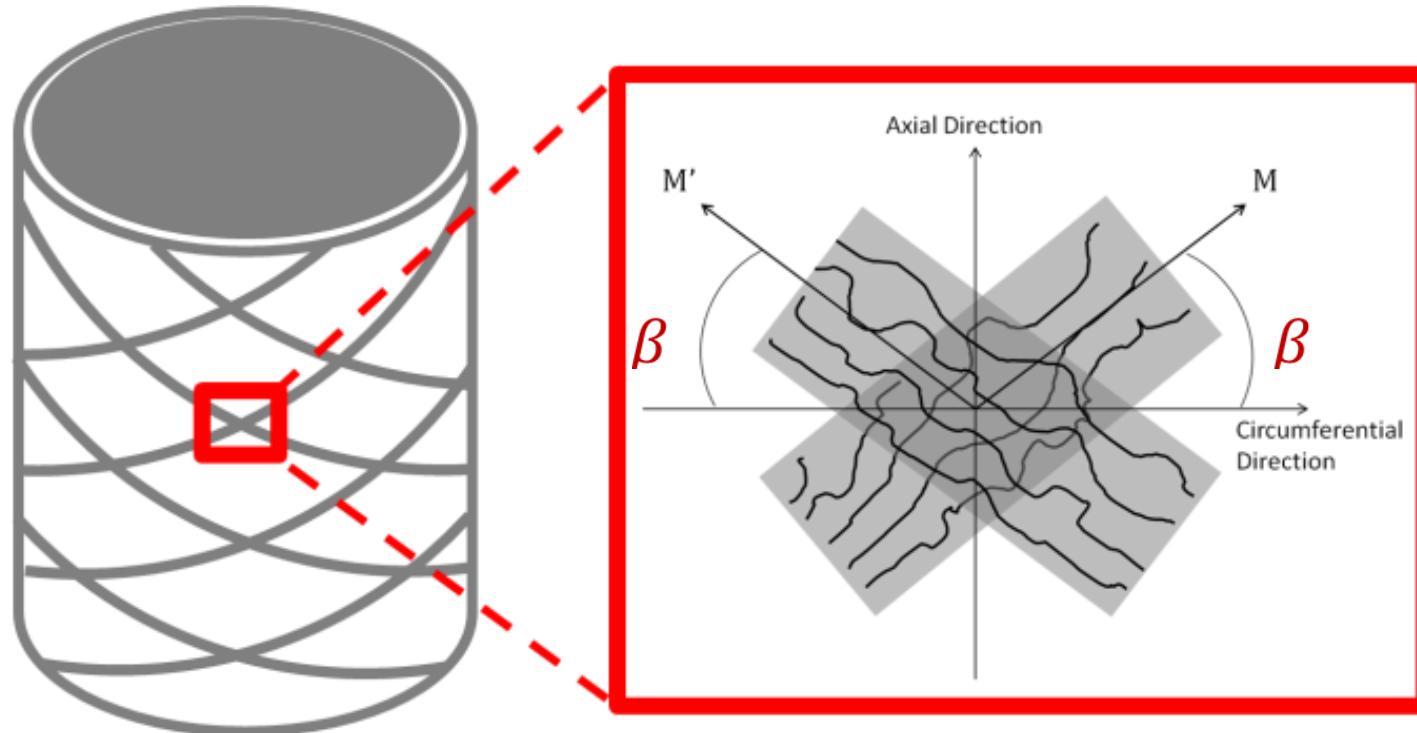
# Anisotropy induced by collagen fibers



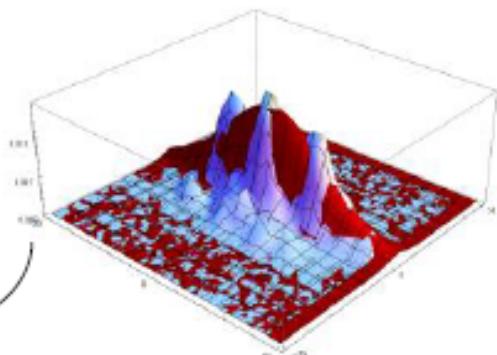
# Anisotropic strain energy density

$$\Psi_f(I_4, I_6) = \frac{k_1}{2k_2} \sum_{i=4,6} \{ \exp[k_2(I_i - 1)^2] - 1 \},$$

(Holzapfel et al., 2000)



# Micro-fiber approach



A 3D surface plot showing a complex, multi-peaked distribution of stress or density within a spatial volume. The vertical axis represents magnitude, ranging from 0.000 to 0.011. The horizontal axes represent spatial coordinates, with labels 'x' and 'y' at the top and 'z' at the bottom.

$$\sigma = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{\phi=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi/2} \rho(\phi, \theta) \sigma(\lambda) \text{dev}(\mathbf{m} \otimes \mathbf{m}) \cos \phi d\phi d\theta + p \mathbf{I}$$

$\sigma(\lambda)$  *Cauchy stress of a bundle of collagen fibrils*

$\rho(\phi, \theta)$  *Orientation density function (Bingham)*

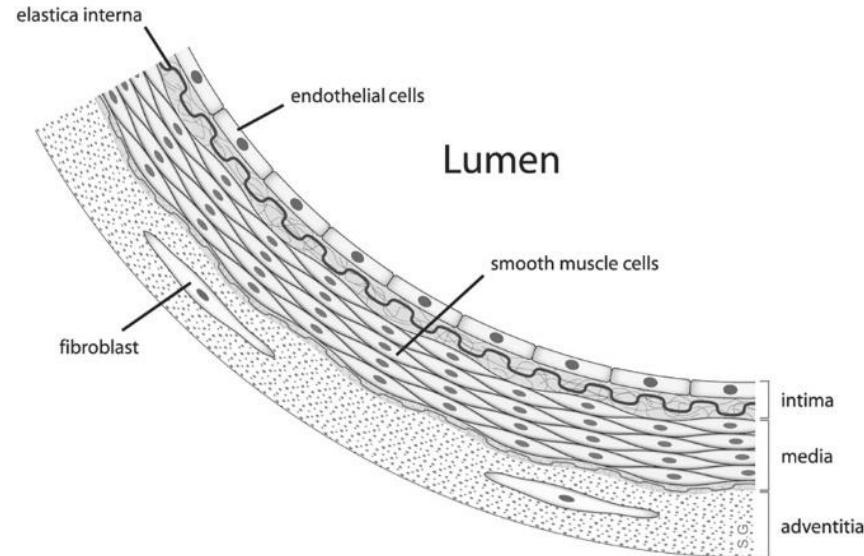
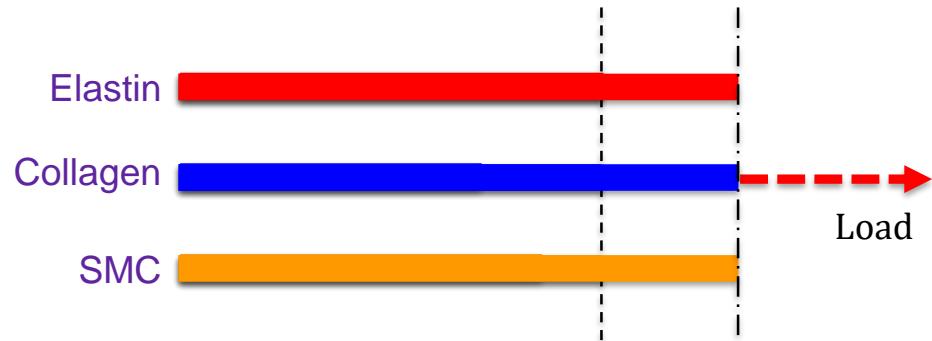
$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{F}\mathbf{M}/|\mathbf{F}\mathbf{M}|$  *Spatial fiber bundle direction*

# Layer-specific constitutive model

Strain-energy function based on the constrained mixture theory

$$W = \varrho_t^e (\overline{W}^e(\bar{I}_1^e) + U(J_{\text{el}}^e)) + \sum_{j=1}^n \varrho_t^{c_j} W^{c_j}(I_4^{c_j}) + \varrho_t^m W^m(I_4^m)$$

Deposition stretch of each constituent:



Humphrey & Rajagopal, Math Models Methods Appl Sci. (2002) ; Bellini et al, ABME (2014), Mousavi & Avril, BMMB (2017)

# Damage and plasticity

## Collagen fiber stress (2<sup>nd</sup> Piola-Kirchhoff)

$$d = 1 - \exp[-a(\lambda_{st}/\lambda_{st0} - 1)^2]$$

*Damage*

*Damage due to slide-apart glycan duplex*



$$S_c = (1 - d)c_f \langle \lambda / \lambda_{st} - 1 \rangle$$

*c<sub>f</sub> Elastic fiber stiffness*

*λ Total fiber stretch*

$$Y = Y_0 + \eta \dot{\lambda}_{st}$$

*Plastic deformation*

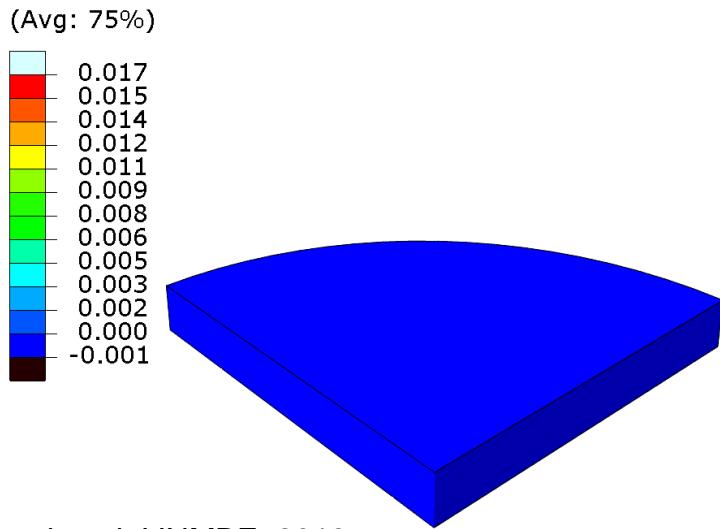
*Plastic sliding of the glycan duplex*



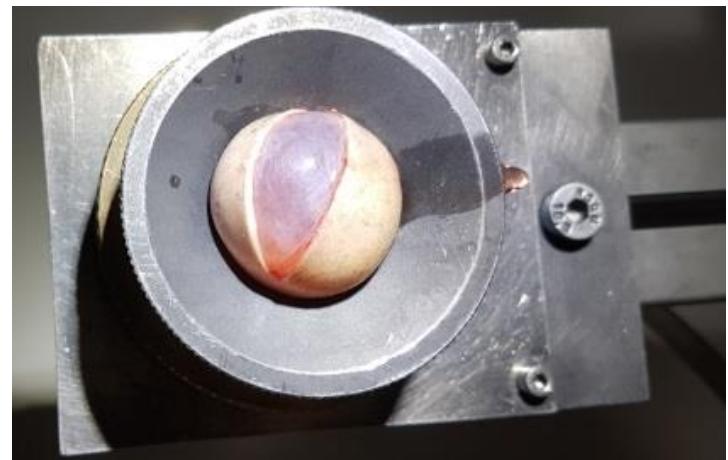
**Gasser, Acta Biomat (2011)**

# Abaqus finite-element implementation and verification

- ✓ FE software ABAQUS coupled with UMAT
- ✓ Hexahedral and tetrahedral elements
- ✓ Structural mesh ( $r, \theta, z$ )
- ✓ Two different layers (media and adventitia)



Mousavi et al, IJNMBE, 2018



# Time dependent material properties: different approaches

